The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 2266

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25. 1742.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Moscow, Sept. 4.

HE Marquis de la Chetardie, late Ambaſſador from the King of France, after his Audience of Leave had the uſual Preſent made to Ambaſſadors by this Court of 12,000 Rubles, 1,000 Rubles were given to his firſt Secretary, and as many to his Clerks. Tho' it is now three Weeks ſince he had that Audience, yet he has never failed going every Day to Court, where he has ſometimes been admitted to the Honour of dining at her Imperial Majeſty's Table. The Day before Yeſterday his Excellency took his final Leave of the Empreſs, who made him the following extraordinary Preſents. I. The Order of St. Andrew, the Star of which was ſet with Diamonds to the Value of 50,000 Rubles. II. A Snuff-Box of Gold, in which was her Imperial Majeſty's Picture ſet with Diamonds, to the Value of 30,000 Rubles. III. A Ring, conſiſting of a ſingle Brillant of 21 Carrats, valued at 25,000 Rubles. IV. A Hundred Gold Medals, containing the Hiſtory of Peter the Great, and the moſt remarkable Events in his Reign: The ſmalleſt of theſe weighed 20 Ducats, and the largeſt 50. V. A large Quantity of rich Furs, of great Value. There was alſo paid him for his Goods and Furniture, according to his own Valuation, 20,210 Rubles. The Duke of Holſtein alſo honoured him with his Order; and Yeſterday Morning when he ſet out from hence the Empreſs's Phyſician, and ſeveral other Perſons of Diſtinction, accompanied him 45 Werſts. There never was any Inſtance of ſuch Honours paid, or ſuch Preſents made to any Publick Miniſter; the latter, according to a moderate Computation, could not be leſs than 50,000 l. Sterling.

Ferrara, Sept. 11. The Duke de Montemar, in conſequence of the Letter de Cachet ſent him, is ſet out for Madrid, accompanied by the Count de Caſtelar. The firſt Column of the Spaniſh Troops are actually return'd to Rimini, and the reſt are in full March thither; the Count de Traun, on the other hand, is making all the Diſpoſitions neceſſary for attacking them. His Cavalry are more numerous and better mounted than theirs, but they are ſuperior to him in Infantry. It cannot be long before they come to an Action.

Vienna, Sept. 19. This Day a Courier is ſent after the laſt Convoy of Ammunition which went for Bohemia, with Orders to return, that Siege being converted into a Blockade, and there being conſequently no Occaſion for it. The Court lately received two Expreſſes, one from London and the other from Bavaria; both of which appear to have brought good News by the Chearfulneſs of the Court after reading their Diſpatches. It is reported, that the former was charged with the Plan of the Operations in Flanders, in order to make a Diverſion in favour of our Sovereign. As to the Contents of the other they are certain. Count Khevenhuller adviſes, that as Things ſtand at preſent, he has it entirely in his Choice either to join Prince Charles, if it ſhall be thought moſt expedient, or to make a Diverſion, if that ſhall be judg'd more neceſſary. We have likewiſe Intelligence, that the Troops which were recalled from the Neighbourhood of Trieſte, and had Orders to march towards Bavaria, had actually joined Baron Berenclau, and that thoſe from Iſtria were expected to join him every Day.

Francfort, Sept. 27. On the 24th of this Month was preſented to the Dyet a Decree of his Imperial Majeſty, in which, after ſetting forth his firm Reſolution to do all that is in his Power to prevent the preſent War from becoming general, and in order to avoid the Effuſion of Chriſtian Blood, he proceeds to acquaint the States with the Terms on which he is willing to come to an Accommodation with the Queen of Hungary, which are theſe that follow.

'His Imperial Majeſty on the one Side engages to withdraw immediately all the French Troops, not only out of the Kingdom of Bohemia but out of the Empire in general, and to ſend them back into France; that beſides evacuating the Capital City of Prague, they ſhall reſtore all the Artillery, Arms and Ammunition that were in the Arſenals and Magazines; that his Imperial Majeſty will alſo conſent to a Ceſſation of Arms, and to the holding a Congreſs, in which may be regulated the ſeveral Diſputes that have ariſen in relation to the Auſtrian Succeſſion; and he farther declares, that he is in a Diſpoſition to ſettle amicably with the Court of Vienna the Powers under whoſe Mediation this Negociation ſhall be carried on.

'Provided that the Court of Vienna, which forms no Pretenſion whatſoever on Bavaria, will engage to withdraw the Auſtrian Troops out of that Electorate and the other hereditary Countries of his Imperial Majeſty, on the ſame Day that thoſe of France quit Bohemia; and that they alſo conſent to evacuate Munich againſt Prague in the ſame Day, and in like manner reſtore the Artillery, Arms and Ammunition that have been carried from thence; that the Court of Vienna ſhall likewiſe conſent to a Ceſſation of Arms, to the holding a Congreſs, and concerting with his Imperial Majeſty the Choice of Mediators; and that in the mean time the ſaid Court ſhall engage to put into the Hands of his Imperial Majeſty the Upper Auſtria and the Four Foreſt Towns, which are to remain in his Poſſeſſion till the Congreſs ſhall decide as to the Satisfaction he ought to receive on his juſt Rights and Pretenſions. His Imperial Majeſty grants the Court of Vienna a Fortnight to determine on the Acceptance or Non-acceptance of theſe Conditions, which once elapſed, he declares he will conſider himſelf as no longer bound by them.'

The four Towns mention'd in this Decree are, Rheinfelden, Sickengen, Lauffenbourg, and Waldſhut on the Extremity of the Black Foreſt towards Switzerland. It is ſaid the Mediators the Emperor would be diſpoſed to chuſe are, the King of France and the King of Pruſſia, as alſo the King of Great Britain and the States General.

Yeſterday about Eight in the Evening a Courier arrived here from Prague, preceded by Eight Poſtillions, who preſented his Imperial Majeſty with Diſpatches from M. Belliſle, importing that the French Army were return'd into their old Camp, and that the Communication between the Place and the open Country was entirely free.

Ratiſbon, Sept. 24. Count Seckendorff who had made ſeveral Marches towards the Army of Marſhal Maillebois has begun to march back again, in order as it is ſaid to endeavour to penetrate if it be poſſible into Bavaria during the Abſence of Count Kevenhuller. Againſt this Scheme there have been form'd two Objections, the firſt is, that we have no clear Information as to Count Kevenhuller's Motions; and the next, that Baron Berenclau will be in a few Days at the Head of 12 or 14,000 Huſſars, Croats and Pandours, againſt whom according to all Appearance the Imperial Troops will be able to do little. We have this Moment a very extraordinary Piece of News from Straubingen. Count Kevenhuller it ſeems had Intelligence, that in a Farm-houſe and its Out-houſes cloſe by the Walls of the City there was a vaſt Quantity of Corn, which was grinding there in a Mill for the Uſe of the Gariſon, upon which he ſent a Detachment of Horſe and Foot that Way, and theſe not only poſted themſelves by the Favour of the Night under the Farm-houſe, notwithſtanding a prodigious Fire from the Walls of the Place, but attack'd likewiſe the Mill, in which there were 70 Men, who made a very vigorous Reſiſtance, till by ſome Accident the Place took fire, and the Mill, Men, Corn, Cattle and Horſes, were all burnt together. The Army of Marſhal Maillebois having join'd that of the Count de Saxe, are in full March towards Bohemia, on the Frontiers of which Country Prince Charles of Lorrain has poſted himſelf with his Troops amounting to 40,000 Men. People differ much as to their Sentiments of his Royal Highneſs's Deſign; ſome imagine that he will march directly into the Upper Palatinate, and force the French to a Battle; others, that he will avoid Fighting as long as poſſible, and by cutting ſhort their Proviſions oblige the French to think of a ſpeedy Retreat. It would be very obliging in theſe Politicians, if on the other hand they would favour us with their Thoughts on the Marſhal Maillebois' Deſigns; or, to cut the Matter ſhort, if they would give us a plain Anſwer to this conciſe Queſtion, What will become of his Army, if he either loſes a Battle or is obliged to retire for Want of Subſiſtance?

Bruſſels, Sept. 27. They are making throughout all Flanders vaſt Preparations for the Reception of his Britannick Majeſty, and it is confidently reported, that an Expedition of the laſt Importance will be undertaken immediately after his Arrival. The Hanoverian and Heſſian Troops are to incamp immediately, and Orders have been ſent to furniſh the Engliſh Troops with 300 Waggons, and whatever elſe ſhall be neceſſary for their taking the Field. On the 16th was publiſh'd a Decree from the Court of Vienna, importing, that neither Wood, Coal, nor other Firing, would for the future be furniſh'd gratis to ſuch as have Places in the Government; and that all Immunities from Impoſts and Duties enjoy'd by the ſame Perſons ſhould henceforth ceaſe. It is computed, that the Publick will gain by theſe Regulations at leaſt One Million Two hundred thouſand Florins per annum.

Hague, Oct. 1. The Aſſembly of the States General continue their Seſſions Tomorrow. It is inconceivable what a Hurry we are in here, and how many different Stories are given out every Day with equal Confidence. His Excellency the Earl of Stair is preparing to ſet out for Flanders; the Hanoverian General Paulini ſet out thither a few Days ago, to haſten the March of his Countrymen. We make no manner of Doubt that the Republick will conſent to an Incampment of a conſiderable Body of Troops, about the time that the Engliſh, Auſtrians, Hanoverians and Heſſians ſhall be in Readineſs to join them. The Marquis de Fenelon uſes his utmoſt Induſtry to penetrate the grand Secret of the intended Expedition, but to very little Purpoſe, it being ſuppoſed to lie in the Breaſt of the Earl of Stair and the Duke of Aremberg only.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Elſineur, Sept. 25. In my laſt I acquainted you, that the Convoy and Homeward-bound Ships were ſailed; but the Wind changing, the Men of War and ſeveral of the Merchantſhips put back again in the Evening into our Road; the next Day in the Afternoon they had a fair Wind, and ſailed, and hope they got their Paſſage thro' the Cattegut; the Ship that went firſt away on Saturday did not, and believe that they will get their Paſſage ſoon. Wind N. E. and fine Weather. There is now in our Road two Dutch Men of War to attend the Outward-bound Ships of that Nation.

HOME PORTS.

Falmouth, Sept. 20. Wind E. Since my laſt arrived the Tereſa Galley, Cool, from Rotterdam, and is ſail'd again for Penzance. Sailed alſo the Jewel, Broad, for Briſtol.

Dover, Sept. 23. Wind E. N. E. Sailed the Luſitania, Styles, for South Carolina, and the Duke of Cumberland, Beſt, for London.

Deal, Sept. 23. Wind E. N. E. Yeſterday Afternoon arrived his Majeſty's Ship Lyon, and the Queen Caroline, Birkhead, from India, and remain with his Majeſty's Ships the Shrewsbury, Blandford, Grampus Sloop, the Serpent Bomb, and the Outward-bound.

Graveſend, Sept. 23. Paſſed by the Royal George, Field, the Kent, Robſon, and the King William, Phillips, from E. India; the Eſther, Goodly, from Norway; and the ——, Veale, from Dunkirk.

Arrived

At Air, the America, Reid, from Virginia.

At Liverpool, the Providence, Blundell, from Nevis.

LONDON.

The SPEECH *of the Marſhal of the Dyet of Sweden to the Nobles.*

My Lords,

THE happy Meeting of the Nobility, and other States of this Kingdom to aſſiſt at that important Dyet which we have juſt now opened in the Name of God, is the juſteſt Ground of Satisfaction we can poſſibly have. I cannot forbear teſtifying my private Senſe of this, and from the Bottom of my Heart beſeeching the Almighty, whoſe adorable Providence in the Marks he has given us of his Anger called us again together, to behold with an Eye of Propitiation all your Councils, to proſper all your Meaſures, and to watch continually over your Health and Safety. The Nobility of the Kingdom is the Member of our Government, the Health or Indiſpoſition of which decides the good or ill Fortune of this Country, the Union of which is the ſolid Force of Sweden, the true Source of its Liberty and Proſperity.

Is there any Thing, my Lords, that ought to be more dear to us, or that we ſhould more ardently deſire, than the Publick Safety, of which Liberty founded on the Laws is the Body and Soul. Let us devote then ourſelves and all that we have to its Service, thruſting far from us, and regarding as an Object of Horror and Abomination whatever may tend to take it away. The preſent Times and our preſent Circumſtances demand more than ever a perfect Union in our Councils, that they may be the more effectual to deliver our poor Country from this her deep Diſtreſs. God by the Marks he has given us of his Juſtice and his Wrath, exhorts us to invoke and implore his Clemency and his Aſſiſtance; let us then acquit ourſelves of ſo important a Duty. Our Brethren reduced to the laſt Degree of Miſery, and deprived of all Conſolation, ſpread out their Hands to us, and wait for our Aſſiſtance. Let us not then be inſenſible to their Sighs and Prayers. Our proper Safety exhorts us to give the utmoſt Attention, and to uſe all our Foreſight, but then theſe Efforts muſt be made ſeaſonably, and according to proper Lights, that they may not turn to our own Deſtruction.

We ought to ſacrifice to the publick Service all private

Affections

Affections and Prejudices, and all those particular Views which hitherto perhaps have been our Bane. *If the Friendship and Kindness of* FOREIGN POWERS *are necessary to us, let us become their* SINCERE FRIENDS, *yet not with such* OBSTINACY *as to be the* GREATEST ENEMIES TO OURSELVES. It is upon US after GOD that our Fortune, Liberty and Safety depend. Let us unite, and these great Objects may be attained; without Union no Blessing is to be hoped for, and without a Blessing all our Efforts can only tend to hasten our own Ruin. May Almighty God inspire you the Nobility of this Kingdom with that Union which is so necessary for promoting the Glory of his Name, satisfying the Expectations of our King, and securing the Well-being and Prosperity of our dear Country! May he extirpate whatever is contrary to the Publick Good! May he establish in your Hearts that Spirit of Concord, which is the Pledge of his Succour and Assistance! These are all the Graces and Gifts of Heaven which I sincerely wish you as absolutely necessary, in order to this Dyet's producing the Fruits expected from it, in respect to your own Well-being, the Honour and Safety of the Publick.

The Utrecht Gazette by the Mail of Yesterday brought us the Letter of Marshal Bellisle from Prague printed in this Paper on Tuesday last.

It may be depended on, that 12,000 Saxons are march'd into Bohemia to join General Festititz.

Twenty-four Battallions of his Sardinian Majesty's Forces are already entred into Savoy.

The King of Prussia arriv'd the 18th at Breslau, from whence he was to make a Tour to Upper Silesia; but the Day of his setting out on his Return to Berlin was not fix'd.

Yesterday's Duch Mail brings Advice, that four English were lately carried into Spain; one of them, a Ship bound from Dublin to Genoa, is carried into Malaga.

By a noble Benefaction of his Grace Dr. Hugh Boulter Lord Primate of all Ireland, last Saturday Se'nnight the Foundation Stone was laid towards rebuilding Part of the Blue-Coat Hospital in the City of Dublin.

Last Week died at his House in Ipswich Dr. Palgrave, who was Fellow of Caius College in Cambridge.

Yesterday two impudent Fellows were committed to the Gatehouse, Westminster, by Justice Manley, for going to the House of Lady Crawley in Privy-garden, and under *vile Pretences* endeavouring to extort four Guineas from the Porter belonging to her Ladyship.

This Day their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales come to Town, from their Seat at Cliefden to Carleton-house in Pallmall.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	06	49	Evening 07 17

Bank Stock, 142 3-4ths. Ditto Subscription, 1 7-8ths to 2 1-4th to 1-8th Prem. India, 171 1-4th to 1-half. South Sea, 108 7-8ths to 109. Old Annuity, 114 3-4ths to 7-8ths. New ditto, 113 to 1-8th. Three per Cent. Annuities, 100 5-8ths to 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, 107. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, Nothing done. London Assurance, Nothing done. India Bonds, 4l. 6s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 6l. 7s. 6d. Prem. Salt Tallies, 102 3-4ths. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 104. Three per Cent. ditto, 98 1-half. Million Bank, Nothing done. Equivalent, 112.

Admiralty-Office, Sept. 24, 1742.

NOtice is hereby given, *That a Session of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas, within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, will be held on Tuesday the Ninth Day of November next, at Justice-Hall in the Old Bailey, London, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning.*

Tho. Corbett.

Custom-house, London, *September* 18, 1742.

For SALE,

By Order of the Honourable Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, &c.

ON Thursday the 30th of September, 1742 at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-house, London,

Several Parcels of Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee Raw and Roasted. And also,

Several Casks of Refused Wines, which are to be distilled into Brandy, or made into Vinegar.

To be seen at the King's Warehouse, on Monday the 27th, and Tuesday the 28th of September Instant, between the Hours of Eight and Twelve in the Forenoons, and Three and Five in the Afternoons, and in the Morning before the Sale.

Where Catalogues will be delivered.

September 21, 1742.

To the Worthy Liverymen of the City of *London*.

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR *Poll and Interest are desired for*

Sir JOSEPH HANKEY, *Knt.*

Alderman and Haberdasher.

To be One of the Sheriffs of this City and County of Middlesex for the Year ensuing; He being the Senior Alderman that has not served the said Office, and is every Way qualified for so Important a Trust.

N. B. *He was declared by the Sheriffs to have a Majority of Hands in the Hall.*

The Poll will begin this Morning at Ten o'Clock.

This Day is Published,

The Second and Third Volumes, which compleat the Work, By the Author of, Revelation examin'd with Candour.

AN HISTORICAL ACCOUNT of the Life and Reign of DAVID King of ISRAEL: Interspersed with Various Conjectures, Digressions, and Disquisitions. In which (among other Things) Mr. Bayle's Criticisms upon the Conduct and Character of that Prince are fully considered.

Printed for J. OSBORN, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster-row: And sold by S. Birt and B. Dodd, in Ave-mary Lane; C. Hitch, in Pater-noster-row; S. Austen, J. Hinton, and J. Rivington, in St. Paul's Church-yard; T. Harris, on London-Bridge; W. Sandby, without Temple-Bar; and H. Chappelle, in Grosvenor-street.

Where may be had, The First Volume.

This Day is Published,

MAthematical Dissertations on a Variety of Physical and Analytical Subjects. Containing, among other Particulars, A Demonstration of the true Figure which the Earth or any Planet must acquire from its Rotation about an Axis. A General Investigation of the Attraction at the Surface of Bodies nearly Spherical. A Demonstration of the Meridional Parts, and the Lengths of the several Degrees of the Meridian, according to the true Figure of the Earth. An Investigation of the Height of the Tides in the Ocean. A new Theory of Astronomical Refractions, with exact Tables deduced therefrom. A new and very exact Method for approximating the Roots of Equations in Numbers, that quintuples the Number of Places at each Operation. Several new Methods for the Summation of Series. Some new and very useful Improvements in the Inverse Method of Fluxions. The Whole in a General and Perspicuous Manner.

By THOMAS SIMPSON.

Printed for T. Woodward, at the Half Moon between the Two Temple-gates in Fleet-street.

Where may be had,

Philosophica Dissertatio de Gravitate. Per R. MATHER.

The Second Edition of Barlow's Survey of the Tide.

This Day is Published,

In Three *Volumes in* Folio,

THE TRAVELS of A. de la MOTRAYE, through EUROPE and ASIA, and into Part of AFRICA: Containing a great Variety of Geographical, Topographical, and Political Observations on those Parts of the World; especially on Italy, England, Turkey, Greece, Crim and Noghaian Tartaries, Germany, Sweden, Norway, Lapland, Denmark, and Holstein; on their Productions, Trades, Manufactures, Cities, Colonies, and on what is most curious in Nature, Art, and Antiquities in these Countries; and on the Genius, Manners, and Customs of the Inhabitants; with an historical Account of the most considerable Events, which happened during the Space of above Twenty-five Years spent in those Travels; such as a great Revolution in the Ottoman Empire, by which the Sultan was deposed; the engaging of the Russian and Turkish Armies on the Pruth; the late King of Sweden's Flight from Pultowa to Bender; his Death, and the Princess Ulrica's Accession to the Throne; her generous Resignation of it to her Consort the present King; and in fine, all the chief Transactions of the Senate and the States of Sweden, till the Peace with Russia. Illustrated with Fifty proper Cuts, representing a great many rare and valuable Pieces of Curiosity, both ancient and modern, as Pontifical and Patriarchal Crowns, Eastern and Northern Dresses, most precious Vessels, Idols, Altars, Sacrifices, Medals, &c. Plans of Towns, Camps, Battles, and Mines; new and accurate Maps of the Mediterranean Black, Caspian, and Baltick Seas, with the Countries adjacent. Revised by the Author, with the Addition of two new Cuts. To which is prefixed, an Answer to Innuendoes and Imputations of an unfair Critick.

Printed for T. Woodward, at the Half-Moon between the Two Temple-Gates in Fleet-street.

Where may be had,

The HISTORY of Japan. Giving an Account of the ancient and present State and Government of that Empire; of its Temples, Palaces, Castles, and other Buildings; of its Metals, Minerals, Trees, Plants, Animals, Birds, and Fishes; of the Chronology and Succession of the Emperors Ecclesiastical and Secular; of the Original, Descent, Religion, Customs, and Manufactures of the Natives, and of their Trade and Commerce with the Dutch and Chinese: Together with a Description of the Kingdom of Siam. Written in High-Dutch by ENGELBERTUS KAMPFER, M. D. Physician to the Dutch Embassy to the Emperor's Court, and translated from his original Manuscript, never before printed, by J. G. SCHEUCHZER, F. R. S. and Member of the College of Physicians in London, with the Life of the Author, and an Introduction. To which is added, Part of a Journal of a Voyage to Japan, by the English, in the Year 1673. Illustrated with many Copper Plates. In Two Volumes in Folio.

This Day is Published,

(*The second Edition, corrected, and much enlarged, of*)

AN ESSAY on the SINKING FUND; wherein the Nature thereof is fully explained, and the Right of the Publick to that Fund asserted and maintained.

Printed for J. PEELE, at Locke's Head in Amen-Corner, Paternoster-Row. Price 1s. 6d.

Where may be had, Just Published,

1. Reasons for encouraging the Linen Manufacture of Scotland, and other Parts of Great Britain. Price 1s.

ALSO

The Second Edition, corrected, of

2. The Interest of SCOTLAND considered; with regard to its Police in employing the Poor; its Agriculture; its Trade; its Manufactures, and Fisheries. To which is added, an Appendix, containing the Manner of Raising, Weeding, Pulling, Watering, Gratting, and Dressing of Flax, practised in Flanders.

Just Published,

1. A Mechanical and Critical Inquiry into the Nature of HERMAPHRODITES.

(*With several Cuts suitable to the Subject, particularly one of the Woman lately brought from* Angola, exactly delineated from the Life)

By JAMES PARSONS, M. D. Fellow *of the* Royal Society.

2. An EXPERIMENTAL INQUIRY on some Parts of the ANIMAL STRUCTURE. By *Clifton Wintringham*, jun.

3. COMMENTARIUM NOSOLOGICUM *Morbos Epidemicos & Aeris variationes in urbe* Eboracensi *locisque vicinis per sedecim annos grassantes complectens.* Auctore CLIFTONO WINTRINGHAM, M. D.

4. The HISTORY of PHYSICK, from the Time of *Galen* to the Beginning of the Sixteenth Century; chiefly with regard to Practice. In a Discourse written to Dr. MEAD. By J. FRIEND, M. D. The 3d Edition, in 2 Vols. 8vo.

5. R. WELSTED, M. D. *De Medicina Mentis.*

Printed for J. Walthoe, over-against the Royal Exchange in Cornhill.

For whom likewise is just published, Price 2s. 6d.

A *New Method* of IMPROVING cold, wet, and barren LANDS, particularly Clayey Grounds.

(*Illustrated with Eight Copper-Plates, exhibiting the Figures of the Instruments necessary for these New Improvements.*)

——Sed famam extendere factis
Hoc virtutis opus. VIRG.

This Treatise contains, 1. The best Methods of draining wet Lands, either arising from their Situation or Springs. 2. Directions for burning Turf, Mole-hills, and Clay, for the Improvement of such Lands. 3. The many Advantages that arise from boggy Grounds by turning them into Plantations, according to the Nature of the Soil, and Situation of the Place. 4. Directions for making of Fishponds and Ditches for feeding or breeding of Fish, and carrying off the Water. 5. The Method of burning barren Land in North Britain. 6. How to ascertain the Value of Hilly Grounds, a Thing extremely useful to Landlord and Tenant. 7. Directions for making Gardens in clayey Grounds, and a certain Method of improving Fruit-trees.

The only shore and infallible Cure

For that reigning Disease the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the highest and most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without any sensible Evacuation or the least Purging, which by an unaccountable Mistake is generally advised, although always found rather to increase and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much famed and most pleasant Chymical DROPS:

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, do at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and intirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in 3 Days time will be convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions, or Breakings out, Weariness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies concealed under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages (whence proceed Head-achs, Vapours and other Indispositions) no Bitters nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy in all its Shapes and Appearances, they also assuredly and immediately cure the Green-sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds in young or old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases, (which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly Lightsom, Brisk and Vigorous to admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthy State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and pleasant Chymical Drops have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humours, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names: Be careful therefore not to be deceiv'd; but be sure to have the Right, which by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's, at the Two Blue Posts, in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

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